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                        UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                             DISTRICT OF NEVADA
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  MICHAEL FOLEY,
                                             2:11-CV-01769-ECR-VPF
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        Plaintiff,
                                             Order
  vs.
10 MICHELLE PONT, an individual;
   JEFFREY PONT, an individual; AP
11 EXPRESS, a California Limited
   Liability Company; AP EXPRESS
12 WORLDWIDE, a California Limited
  Liability Company; GEORGINA
13 STUART, an individual; SHERA BRADLEY, an individual; JOAN COE,
14 an individual; JUAN CARLOS VALDES,
   a citizen of Mexico; MANUEL
15 CARRANZA, a citizen of Mexico;
   MICHAEL DORANTES, an individual;
16 BRENDA DORANTES, an individual;
   VIVA PRODUCTIONS LAS VEGAS, LLC
17 (a.k.a. "VIVA PRODUCTIONS"), a
   business entity; TONI ANN
18 IANTUONO, an individual; DINO
   IANTUONO, an individual;
19 PATRICA FOLEY, an individual, DOES
   1-10; ROES 11-20,
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        Defendants.
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        This case arises out of allegations of a conspiracy to deprive
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   Plaintiff of his constitutional rights. Now pending before the Court
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   are Defendant Shera Bradley's Motion to Dismiss (#13) and Plaintiff's
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   Motion to Amend Complaint (#24). The motions are ripe and we now rule
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   on them.
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I. Background

Plaintiff filed a Motion/Application for Leave to Proceed in 3 Forma Pauperis (#1) on November 3, 2011. We granted (#2) the motion and the Complaint (#3) was filed on November 4, 2011. The Complaint (#3) alleges the following five causes of action: (i) Conspiracy to 6 Deprive Constitutional Rights in violation of 42 U.S.C. \S 1985; (ii) 7 Civil Conspiracy to Deprive, Defame, Defraud and Harm Plaintiff; (iii) Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress; (iv) Intentional 9 Misrepresentation "Fraud"; and (v) False Light.

On January 11, 2012, Defendant Shera Bradley ("Bradley") filed $11 \parallel$ a Motion to Dismiss (#13) pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil $12 \parallel \text{Procedure } 12 \text{ (b) (6)}$. Plaintiff responded (#31) on January 26, 2012, 13 and Defendant Bradley replied (#33) on February 1, 2012.

Plaintiff filed a Motion to Amend Complaint (#24) on January 15 19, 2012. Defendant Bradley responded (#34) on February 1, 2012, 16 and Plaintiff replied (#37) on February 10, 2012.

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II. Legal Standard

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a), leave to 20 amend is to be "freely given when justice so requires." In general, 21 amendment should be allowed with "extreme liberality." Owens v. 22 Kaiser Found. Health Plan, Inc., 244 F.3d 708 712 (9th Cir. 2001) (quoting Morongo Band of Missions Indians v. Rose, 893 F.2d 1074, 24 1079 (9th Cir. 1990)). However, if factors such as undue delay, bad 25 faith, dilatory motive, undue prejudice, or futility of amendment 26 are present, leave to amend may properly be denied in the district

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1 court's discretion. Eminence Capital, LLC v. Aspeon, Inc., 316 F.3d $2 \mid 1048, 1051-52$ (9th Cir. 2003). The futility analysis determines 3 whether the proposed amendment would survive a motion to dismiss 4 pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6). Miller v. Rykoff-Sexton, Inc., 845 F.2d 5 209, 214 (9th Cir. 1988).

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III. Discussion

8 Plaintiff seeks to amend the complaint in order to formally plead a cause of action for deprivation of civil rights arising 10 under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Defendant Bradley points out that Plaintiff $11 \parallel$ has not attached the proposed amended complaint to the Motion to 12 Amend (#24) as required by Local Rule 15-1(a). For this reason, the 13 Court is unable to analyze the proposed amended complaint in order 14 to determine whether amendment would be futile. However, given 15 Plaintiff's pro se status, and the extremely liberal standard 16 propounded by Rule 15, Plaintiff will be given leave to amend the 17 complaint.

Plaintiff, however, will not be given leave to amend outside 19 the parameters of Local Special Rule 2-1, which provides that "[a] 20 civil rights complaint filed by a person who is not represented by 21 counsel shall be on the form provided by this Court." The form is 22 for the assistance of the Court as well as the party appearing pro 23 se, and Plaintiff has not provided a reason for deviating from the established procedure.

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1 IV. Conclusion Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a) provides a liberal 2 3 standard for granting leave to amend a complaint. Accordingly, 4 Plaintiff will be granted leave to amend in spite of failing to 5 attached the proposed amended complaint as required by Local Rule 6 15-1. Further, Plaintiff will be required to conform with Local 7 Special 2-1, which requires pro se plaintiffs to utilize the Court's 8 form in filing civil rights claims. Because the Court grants Plaintiff leave to amend, Defendant $10 \parallel \text{Bradley's Motion to Dismiss (#13)}$ is rendered moot and will 11 therefore be denied at this time. 12 13 IT IS, THEREFORE, HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion to 14 Amend Complaint (#24) is **GRANTED.** Plaintiff shall have twenty-one $15 \parallel (21)$ days within which to file an amended complaint on the Court's 16 form in accord with Local Special Rule 2-1. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk shall forward Plaintiff a 17 $18 \parallel \text{copy}$ of the complaint form for pro se litigants alleging causes of 19 action arising under 42 U.S.C. \S 1983 with instructions. 20 $\textbf{IT IS } \textbf{F}\underline{\textbf{URTHER ORDERED}} \textbf{ that Defendant Bradley's Motion to}$ 21 Dismiss (#13) is **DENIED** as moot. 22 23 DATED: April 4, 2012. 25 26

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